dations which have been implemented are:

(i) A number of Central Universities make admissions on the basis of entrance tests.

(ii) UGC has introduced a national eligibility test for appointment of Lecturers in Universities and Colleges.

(iii) Indira Gandhi National Open University (IGNOU) was established in 1985 for promotion of distance education.

(iv) Model rules for discipline among students, a Code of Ethics for teachers and guidelines regarding constitution of Planning Boards have been framed and circulated to the Universities by UGC.

(v) UGC has notified Regulations for minimum standards for the award of the first degree, minimum working days, etc.

Government had appointed an Empowered Committee to examine the report of the Review Committee. While the work of the Empowered Committee was in progress, Government initiated the formulation of the National Policy on Education, 1986. The observations/recommendations made by the Review Committee provided useful inputs to the national debate on the formulation of the Policy and its Programme of Action. The Gnanam Committee, appointed by UGC, to review the management structure of Universities also took the suggestions made by the Review Committee into consideration.

[*Translation*]

Prevention of Infant from Diarrhoea

5387. SHRI RAM NARAIN BERWA:
SHRI MRUTYUNJAYA NAYAK:

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether most of the infants die due to diarrhoea and other preventable childhood diseases; and

(b) the steps taken to achieve reduction in infant mortality rates due to diarrhoea particularly in rural area, State-wise?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRIMATI D.K. THARADEVI SIDDHARTHA): (a) According to the results of a survey on causes of death carried out by Registrar General of India in rural areas of selected States in 1989, 7.3% of infant deaths occur due to diarrhoea, 14.7% due to Respiratory infections and 5.7% due to cord infections.

(b) A programme for control of Diarrhoeal diseases among children under the age of 5 years with the objective of reducing mortality through promotion of ORT was launched in 1986-87 as a 100% Centrally Sponsored scheme. The Programme is now in operation in all the districts of the country.

The major component of the Programme include training of medical and para-medical personnel for case management, free supply of Oral Rehydration Salt (ORS) to all health facilities and education of community, particularly mothers, for the management of child with diarrhoea at home and setting up of diarrhoeal treatment-cum-training units at the medical colleges.

[*English*]

Unregistered Private Nursing Homes

5388. SHRI PIUS TIRKEY:
SHRI VIJAY NAVAL PATIL:
SHRI MAHESH KANODIA:

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) the number of hospitals, dispensaries, primary health centres, maternity homes and private nursing homes operating in Delhi as on December, 1991;

(b) the number out of them which are not registered as per relevant rules governing them;

(c) whether Government are aware of the shortcomings, in these hospitals, dispensaries, primary health centres, maternity homes and private nursing homes; and

(d) if so, the remedial measures being taken in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRIMATI D.K. THARADEVI SIDDHARTHA): (a) As per the information available from Delhi Administration, the number of medical institutions operating in Delhi as on December, 1991 is as follows:–

(1)	Hospitals (Government, Private, Voluntary Organisation, MCD/NDMC)	80
(2)	Dispensaries (-do-)	653
(3)	Primary Health Centre	
	Main (Government, Private, Voluntary Organisation MCD/NDMC)	8
	Sub-Centres	16
(4)	Maternity & Children Welfare Centre:	
	Main Centres	142
	Sub-Centres	50
(5)	Private Nursing Homes	445

(b) According to survey conducted by the Directorate of Health Services, Delhi Administration, there are atleast 316 Nursing Home which are not yet registered under Delhi Nursing Home Registration Act, 1953.

(c) and (d). The Government regularly monitors the functioning of medical institutions under its control and take appropriate medical measures to remove any shortcoming that is observed. As regards, private institutions, the Directorate of Health Services, Delhi Administration, inspects them from time to time to ensure that the requirements of the Delhi Nursing Homes Registration Act, 1953 and rules framed thereunder are observed by these institutions.

[*Translation*]

Food Samples Tested in Delhi

5389. SHRI JEEWAN SHARMA: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) the number of food samples tested by food laboratories in Delhi during the last three years;